the extent to which the opportunities for trade in agricultural products that are created will be actualized by our trading entities. This would also depend on the results achieved in other areas of Doha Work Programme since the final results of negotiations in all areas would be part of the single undertaking of the Members.

Review of anti-dumping duties on sensitive products imported from Nepal

487. SHRI RUMANDLA RAAMACHANDRAYYA: Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have agreed to review speical, additional and anti-dumping duties imposed on several sensitive products imported from Nepal;

(b) if so, whether any concrete agreements in this regard has been reached between the two countries;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the steps being taken on implement them?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI RAJIV PRATAP RUDY): (a) to (d) Directorate General of Anti-Dumping and Allied Duties has so far initiated two anti-dumping cases involving Nepal. The case on Zinc Oxide was initiated on 19.3.2001 and the anti-dumping duty is in place since 12.9.2001. In the case of Acrylic Yarn, investigations were initiated on 3.7.2001 and the anti-dumping duty is in place since 10.10.2001. However, the Central Government later issued orders exempting the permitted fixed quantity of Zinc Oxide (2500 MT per annum) and Acrylic Yarn (10000 MT per annum) modifying the earlier orders in view of review and modifications in the Indo-Nepal Treaty of Trade.